ARMY MATION

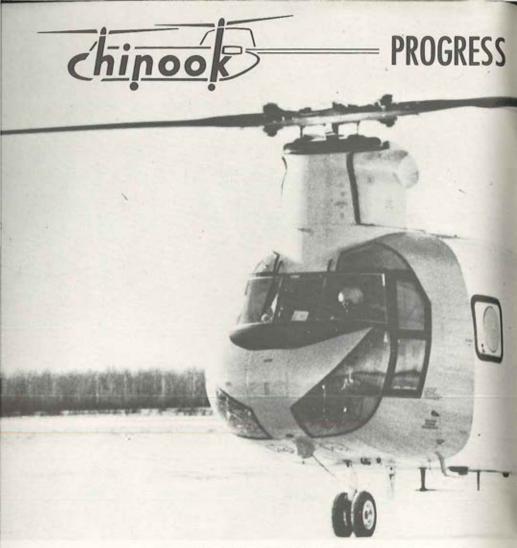
NOVEMBER-DECEMBER, 1963

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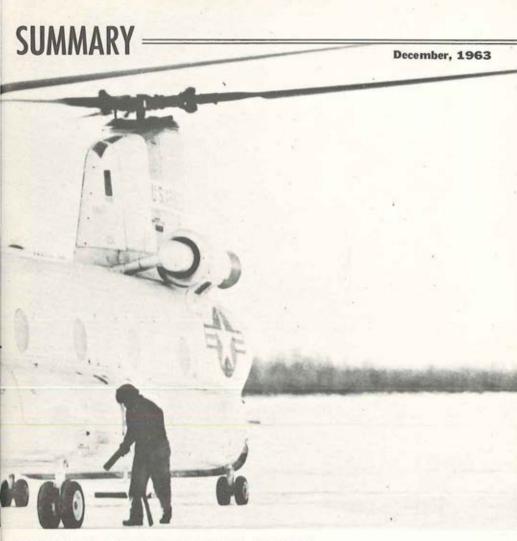
Division—Avco Corporation Stratford, Connecticut



CH-47A CHINOOK FERRIED 3900 MILES

A United States Army CH-47A Chinook helicopter, successfully completed a record establishing ferry flight of approximately 3900 miles from Pennsylvania to Alaska.

The CH-47A Chinook is shown Just after it landed at Fort Greeley, Alaska. The flight took 33 hours and 50 minutes of elapsed flying time and was the longest unescorted flight made to date by the United States Army's newest and largest helicopter.



FROM PENNSYLVANIA TO ALASKA

The arctic winter tests are being conducted as part of the regular testing program of the U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Command. Another Chinook is in Alaska undergoing arctic tests by the U.S. Air Force.

BOEING

VERTOL DIVISION

ARMY AVIATION

VOLUME 12 NUMBER 11 NOV.-DEC., 1963

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AIR Artillery

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- P. Intermediate · access to engine top, transmission, upper controls

▶ 3. Engine deck · · access to rotor head

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DIVISION OF ELTRA CORPORATION



TACTICAL TRAINING FOR WARRANT OFFICERS

By BRIG. GEN. JOHN J. TOLSON DIRECTOR OF ARMY AVIATION, OACSFOR

VER a period of time, the numbers of warrant officer aviators in aviation units have been slowly increasing. Future TOEs and other documents which authorize personnel spaces will undoubtedly continue to reflect this increase. This will cause the over-all ratio of officer to warrant officer aviators in the units to change. However, the unit will continue to be authorized sufficient officers to command, administer and employ the unit. The officers will continue to be responsible for planning with and providing advice and assistance to the supported units. However, there probably will not be an officer aviator on board each aircraft or necessarily with each flight of two or more aircraft.

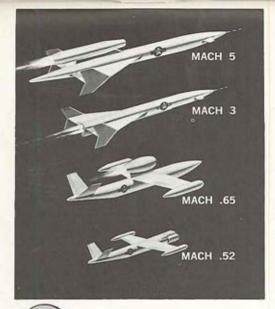
Frequently, the senior aviator with the flight will be a warrant officer. I am sure this already happens daily in many of the aviation units which are in support of ground units involved in tactical exercises. Although the mission may seem to be just another administrative or logistical type mission to the aviators, the ground commander con-

BEECH "IMAGINUITY"
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What will be the requirements for tomorrow's missile targets? What are the problems in building them? Beech "Imaginuity" is already seeking—and finding—the answers. The Beech missile above, designed to operate at speeds above Mach 7, is just one example of the way Beech is exploring the future—today.

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Now from America's first family of missile targets, comes the newest example of Beech "Imaginuity":

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Two Beech missile target systems, the propeller-driven U. S. Army MQM-39A "Cardinal" and the rocket-powered U. S. Navy AQM-37A (KD2B-1), are already being produced in quantity. The AQM-37A is capable now of speeds above Mach 3. It gives today's most advanced weapon systems a realistic challenge to their capabilities.

This kind of successful experience in developing and building entire missile systems has given Beech a head start on the future. We are ready now to put Beech "Imaginuity" in design, development, fabrication and testing to work on the even more advanced missile systems that will be required for tomorrow's training and air defense requirements. May we tell you more?

Beech Aerospace Division

For full information about how Beech's proven capabilities may help you in aero-space projects—from R&D and sophisticated testing to one-of-a-kind or mass fabrication—write, wire or phone Contract Administration, Beech Aircraft Corp., Wichita, Kansas 67201.



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siders it completely tactical. This type of situation will occur frequently as more aircraft become integrated into the lower units.

It is readily apparent that warrant officers are and will continue to be placed in situations where they will be required to be familiar with the tactical situation, the supported unit's operational plan and to advise the ground commander on the employment of Army aviation. The survivability of the aircraft and successful accomplishment of the ground unit's mission is greatly enhanced if the warrant officer aviator is thoroughly familiar with the immediate tactical situation and the supported unit's operational plan. The operational briefings conducted by the company officers for their warrant officers must be sufficiently complete to insure an adequate understanding of the tactical situation and mission to be accomplished.

TACTICAL TRAINING

Many of our warrant officers are former non-commissioned officers who have had excellent training in the tactical units. All warrant officer aviators receive some tactical training in their flight training course. The tactical training given in the flight course is not intended to be the last they will receive since this type of training goes on constantly both in the classroom and the field during the training cycle of the aviation unit. Further, most every mission flown in support of a ground unit has some tactical implications.

Those of you assigned to the 11th Air Assault Division and its supporting units are seeing Army aviation so completely integrated with the ground unit that every crew member on the aircraft must have some knowledge and understanding of the tactical situation if they are to perform their duties properly.

This all leads up to the fact that warrant officer aviators must become more tactically oriented since it is inevitable that they will serve in an aviation unit where an understanding of tactical operations is required.

DECCA SYSTEM

The Army along with the other Services and civil aviation has been intensely interested in developing a capability to accurately navigate aircraft at low level during periods of darkness and low visibility. This low level, poor weather navigational capability is essential if Army aviation is to make its full contribution to support of our ground units. It is under conditions of poor visibility that combat units expect to gain their greatest tactical surprise. Past tests and experience with Decca type systems indicate that it has potential for helping to solve this problem.

The Decca system is a low frequency, hyperbolic navigational aid which gives a continual read-out of the position of the aircraft. A contract was recently awarded to a manufacturer in the United States to build 74, Mark VIIIA Decca receivers for installation in the aircraft of the 11th Air Assault Division at Fort Benning, Georgia. It is estimated that the Decca Ground system along with the receivers in the aircraft of the 11th Air Assault



Division will be operational by the Spring of 1964. This system will greatly enhance support of the Division by improving the capability of the aviation units to accurately locate areas where equipment, personnel and supplies are to be delivered or picked up.

SHORTAGE OF RESOURCES

Many of our aviation units are still equipped with the older models and types of aircraft; yet a substantial number of the newer types are being brought into the inventory. The question of why a particular unit can't get some of these new aircraft comes up very frequently. Progress has always been expensive, and the provision of modern aircraft in adequate numbers is no exception. Our current funding program just does not allow procurement of sufficient quantities of the new aircraft to meet all requirements.

Expected to fly this month for the first time, the new turbine-powered Beechcraft King Air will be ready for deliveries by fall, '64. The 6- to 8-place pressurized aircraft is expected to cruise at 270 mph and have a maximum range of 1,400+ miles. Powered by two P&W PT6A-6 turbines, the King Air grosses out at 9,000 lbs.

Issue of new aircraft follows a system of priorities established by Department of the Army. I assure you that deviations from this system of priorities are rare. There are many high priority activities which require substantial numbers of the new aircraft. Until these high priority requirements are filled, many of our aviation units will continue to be equipped with the older aircraft.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Several recent accidents clearly illustrate that some of us don't know our in-flight emergency procedures. These accidents and their cause factor have been widely publicized in Army Aviation Safety publications so I won't go into them here. Any Army aviator who is not completely familiar with every item of the emergency procedures or the aircraft he flies should not leave the ground. We should all study our -10s and practice until we are letter perfect in every detail. I would like to urge that all aviation unit commanders have their instructor pilots and check pilots emphasize emergency procedures during transition training, familiarization flights and check flights.

TACTICAL CONTROL

A weekly service news publication published an article in August which indicated that certain Army aircraft operating in Vietnam had been placed under the Air Force's tactical air control system. The same publication later (September) ran an article which indicated that no Army aircraft in Thailand or Vietnam had been placed under the control of the Air Force, I mention this because the second article was short, and some of you may have missed it. These articles may have caused some confusion. For your information, the Army aircraft in Vietnam and Thailand are operated under Army control.

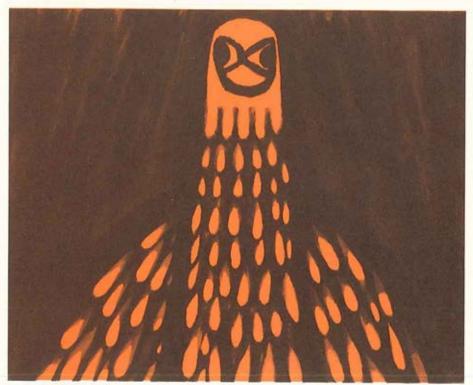
PRESS RELATIONS

Because of the importance of this matter and the close tie-in with Army aviation I am going into some detail so that all can understand what is required.

A recent Department of Defense Directive (DOD 5410.14, dated 25 October 1963) has established a uniform policy for dealing with U.S. news media representatives at the scene of military accidents that occur outside military installations,

The new DOD directive requires that maximum cooperation - consistent with national security responsibilities - be maintained with bona fide U.S. news media representatives desiring to cover military accidents occurring outside military installations. The military authority at the scene will:

- a. Inform news media representatives of the presence of exposed classified material and ask them to cooperate in its protection. Photographers will be informed that violations of the prohibition on photographing classified DOD material are also violations of Federal criminal statutes.
- Refrain from using force if news media representatives refuse to cooperate, but request;
- (1) The assistance of appropriate civil law enforcement officials in preventing compromise of such material and in recovering all photographs, sketches, and negatives which are presumed to contain classified information.
- (2) Informing the superiors of the offending news media representatives, that publication of such classified information or refusal to return it to military authority will be a violation of Federal statutes.
- c. Submit to the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs), through channels, a message report concerning refusals of news media representatives or their superiors to cooperate.



EARLY BIRD

With Collins IFF transponder...ready before FAA DOD deadlines...you can overcome flight traffic delays and be identified by your friends.

Collins new IFF (Identification—Friend or Foe) Transponder, the only production IFF meeting all FAA/DOD requirements, assures ready identification on ground surveillance radars and complete compatibility with the U.S. traffic control. This will improve identification in crowded tactical situations and permit more rapid handling in the heavy traffic of the U.S. air traffic system. O Collins can offer quantity delivery of its IFF transponders early in the spring—a full nine months ahead of the January 1965 target for implementation of the IFF/ATC Beacon requirements. O The new design uses solid state components in all circuits and an improved final transmitter tube. This assures greater performance reliability and higher probability of mission success. It also reduces equipment weight, size and power drain, facilitating installation in aircraft ranging from helicopters to high performance

jet aircraft. Transponder functions include automatic altitude reporting capability, 4096 codes on mode 3/A, circuit compatibility for the secure mode, three-pulse sidelobe suppression, modes 1, 2, 3 and C, emergency code and identification pulse.



COLLINS RADIO COMPANY

Dallas • Cedar Rapids Los Angeles • New York International Division, Dallas



PROVISIONS OF DIRECTIVE

The provisions of the DOD directive apply to all DOD components and cover military accidents occuring in the United States, its territories or its possessions, but outside the confines of military installations, the provisions do not cover military accidents involving nuclear weapons.

The DOD directive requires that: a. All military and civilian personnel who normally deal with military accidents be fully conversant with the new policy.

 b. Commanders of military installations advise civil lawenforcement officials in their areas that they may be called upon for assistance and cooperation when military accidents occur outside military installations and inform them of the provisions of law which make it a criminal offense to photograph, publish or refuse to surrender information of a classified nature.

PROMOTIONS & ARRIVALS

Congratulations are in order for two General officer aviators. Brigadier General Robert H. York, Director of OSD, Adv Proj Agency (R&D Field Unit), Joint Operations Evaluation Group, Vietnam, and Brigadier General Harry W.O. Kinnard, Commander of the 11th Air Assault Division (T), Fort Benning, Georgia, have been nominated for promotion to Major General.

SPECIAL MISSION AEROGYROS VISUALIZED BY LOCKHEED

A potential future application of the Lockheed-California Company rigid rotor concept is shown in the artist's conception of a special mission Aerogyro (right). Adaptable to virtually any size of air age vehicle, the rigid rotor principle is a key feature of the two XH-51A's built and flying under a joint Army-Navy contract.

The large tank-carrying Aerogyro shown has a movable engine exhaust deflection plate (rear) to provide directional control like the conventional tail rotor. Other rigid rotor Aerogyro designs being investigated by Lockheed-California Company include; an Infantry air scooter for one of two men; an all-weather drone; and a cranerole vehicle for lifting cargo objects. Lockheed studies have shown the feasibility of operating single



or tandem-rotor Aerogyros well above the 100,000 pound gross weight classification.

COMMERCIAL USES

Lockheed Aerogyro designs also include applications for a mass market private-personal flight vehicle, and a commercial transport capable of performing service now provided by medium-sized planes.

BY
COLONEL
ROBERT R. COREY
CHIEF-AVIATION DIVISION
UTR, USCONARC
FORT MONROE, VA.

CONARC REPORT

ALTHOUGH not too highly publicized, a tremendously spirited Army aviation movement is progressing at the Army Special Warfare Center at Fort Bragg. Roles and mission may still be controversial in the employment of Army aviation in Unconventional Warfare, Counterinsurgency Operations, and Psychological Warfare, but the Aviation Section, Army Special Warfare Center, and the 22nd Aviation Detachment, Special Warfare, are doing an outstanding job in aviation support.

Army aviation activities at the Special Warfare School encompass the provision of crew and aircraft support in conjunction with school problems and demonstrations as well as further refinements to established Army aviation doctrine and techniques in all aspects of Army aviation. Perhaps the most informative single act is the dem-

onstration put on by the aviation units for the numerous students who are fortunate enough to attend the Special Warfare courses. The employment of the CV-2 in a low extraction drop coupled with the various uses of the UH-1B and U-10 aircraft make the viewers realize the ef-

fectiveness and versatility of Army aviation in special warfare operations.

Aviation Officer for the Special Warfare Center is Maj. M.D. Hilbert, ably assisted by Maj. W.C. Britton. Under these two capable officers, the aviation elements carry an extensive load despite having only 14 aircraft on hand.

Anyone who passes by Fort Bragg will find it both beneficial and enlightening to stop by and observe the pioneering taking place in this comparatively new area of Army aviation operations.

SHERMAN AAF

Major John P. Westphal and Maj. Thomas C. Roberson, are the only two officers (7 authorized) assigned to operate this busy Army airfield. Fortunately, there are approximately 60 enlisted personnel which help to maintain 24-hour operations.

In addition to providing command & staff transportation for the C&GSC Sherman Army Airfield supports more than 115 other AA's who are students, staff and faculty, or assigned to nearby units without aircraft. This large 'proficiency' load is handled by 20 assigned aircraft, to in-



clude 2 U-8's, 6 U-6's, 9 O-1's, and 3 OH-13's.

A Fifth Army field maintenance shop is also stationed at Sherman Army Airfield and is commanded by Maj. O'Donald. This shop supports some 20 outlying aviation units.

Sherman Army Airfield has an excellent 5,000-foot runway and an approved ADF approach. Maj. Westphal hopes to add GCA facilities by the first of the year.

AERIAL ARTILLERY

On the 16th of November, the U.S. Army Artillery and Missile School, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, conducted their quarterly artillery firepower demonstration. Although the majority of the demonstration was confined to the firing of conventional artillery weapons, of particular interest was the demonstration of aerial artillery fire conducted by the 1st Aerial Artillery Battery (Prov), located at Fort Sill. They employed three H-34 helicopters mounting twenty 4.75inch rockets and fired on an area target with remarkable accuracy as well as devastating effect.

Major Wallace R. Dietderich, the Commanding Officer of the battery, and Maj. Thomas R. Smith, assigned to the aerial fire support section of the Gunnery Department at Fort Sill, are to be complimented for their progress in the development of both direct and indirect aerial artillery fire. This program commenced in March of this year and has produced some very tangible results with regard to new tactics and techniques in the employment of aerial artillery. Weapons systems as an inte-

gral part of the helicopter and capable of being employed for direct and indirect fires merit further consideration and study.

72d AATRI

Major Richard A. Humes, Signal Corps, has been assigned as the commander of the newly re-organized 72nd Army air Traffic Regulation and Identification Company (AATRI) at Fort Benning, Georgia. The 72nd AATRI Company, organized under TOE 1-207E, has the mission to provide enroute air traffic regulation and identification. navigation aids, air warnings, other assistance to in-flight aircraft and assistance to divisions in regulating air traffic in the forward areas. At the authorized strength of 222 officers and enlisted personnel, this unit can perform its mission in support of a field army, separate corps, or communications zone.

Concurrent with the activation of this unit on 24 June 1963, the 70th Aviation Operating Detachment (AOD) was inactivated at Fort Benning to provide a nucleus of personnel for the Company Headquarters plus 1st and 2nd Flight Regulation Platoons: the 58th AOD at Fort Hood became the 3rd Flight Regulation Platoon; and the 6th AOD at Fort Bragg became the 4th Flight Regulation Platoon. The new unit will provide enroute air traffic control facilities for Project TEAM at Fort Benning and concurrently air traffic control support to the III U.S. Corps and the XVIII Airborne Corps, and other major units.

Based on performance in Joint Exercise SWIFT STRIKE III and the previous exercises, DA directed the consolidation of this unit at Fort Benning to further develop and refine Army concepts of air traffic control. This consolidation was completed early in November when the 3rd Flight Regulation Platoon completed a PCS from Fort Hood to its present station at Fort Benning.

MAINTENANCE CONCEPTS

We have received recently a number of inquiries concerning the progress and establishment of the A-B-C levels of maintenance which are supporting the air assault units undergoing training and tests at Fort Benning, Georgia. Here are some definitions which may provide a better understanding of what each level of maintenance consists;

"A" Level Maintenance (User) provides the unit the capability of performing, on site, that maintenance essential to mission performance. It consists of daily, safety and minor inspections, servicing, corrective maintenance, calibration of systems, and removal or replacement of components.

"B" Level Maintenance (Support) is accomplished by separate maintenance units performing inspection, maintenance, and necessary supply to reconstitute aircraft and components not requiring extensive fabrication of parts or not requiring acute environmental tolerance. These units may be organized in one of three types: fixed-wing support, rotary-wing support, or composite. Each type is capable of operating a maintenance facility, airstrip, and/or heliport as required.

"C" Level Maintenance (Depot) is that maintenance performed on materiel requiring overhaul or rebuild of parts, assemblies, sub-assemblies, and end items, including the manufacture, modification, testing, and reclamation of parts as required.

"A" and "B" levels are authorized and have been established within the 11th Air Assault Division and 10th Air Transport Brigade at Fort Benning, Georgia.

The "C" level capability is being provided by the 14th Aircraft Maintenance and Supply Battalion stationed in Atlanta, Georgia. The unit is commanded by Lt. Col. H.M. Tidmarsh.

LIBERTY AAF

Those of you who have not visited Fort Stewart in recent years would be agreeably surprised by the present condition of Liberty Army Airfield. Runways 14-32 and 23-05 are now hard surfaced and there are ample taxi-ways. Both runways and taxi-ways are fully lighted for night operation and the field is open 24 hours a day throughout the year.

A great deal of credit for the state of operations goes to Capt. J.D. Brock, who is the only officer assigned to Liberty Army Airfield.

Although the field is home station to only five (5) permanently-assigned aircraft (1 U-6, 1 O-1, and 3 OH-13's), it is host to many reserve aviators during summer ANACDUTRA. In addition, more recently, Fort Stewart has been used as a training area for the airmobile test units, which increases the field activity about 3,000 per cent.



Every second saved



Army Mohawk's ability to be "one of the troops"... to land and take off from frontline fields that are little more than cow pastures... to fly at treetop level as slow or as fast as needed... in any kind of weather. All this adds up to trigger-fast responsiveness—intelligence now, not hours from now. That's the Grumman Mohawk, the "elevated eyes" of the Army that watch out for the guys on the ground.

GRUMMAN

Aircraft Engineering Corporation Bethpage, New York Liberty Army Airfield has an approved approach off the Hines-ville NDB and can provide JP-4 and 115/145 fuel to transients. The Airfield operations have the full support of the Post Commander, Col. Walter G. Bare, himself an Army aviator.

DEMONSTRATION TEAM

It is with a note of sadness that the U.S. Army helicopter team has again passed into limbo. The pressure for personnel and materiel has dictated the inactivation of the team which was being organized at Fort Meade, Maryland under supervision of Col. Chris Hanburger, Second Army Aviation Officer.

We can console ourselves with the fact that while we do not have a designated demonstration team - every aviation unit in the Army has this function, and many have performed outstandingly.

UH-1A TRAINERS

To partially fill the requirement for instrument helicopters for the expanded USAAVNS helicopter instrument course, eleven additional UH-1A's are being modified by ARADMAC into instrument trainers.

These modified helicopters will have essentially the same configuration as the original fifteen instrument trainers built by Bell some two and one-half years ago. These aircraft, in addition to the original fifteen, will only temporarily fill the requirement. By fiscal year 1965, the Army Aviation School will require 136 instrument trainer helicopters. This quantity of helicopter instrument trainers at the Aviation School clearly indicates the emphasis being placed on the Army's helicopter instrument program.

FORT RUCKER PAIR PUBLISH "AA STORY"

The "ARMY AVIATION STORY," a new book written by Richard K. Tierney and edited by Fred Montgomery, traces the development of Army aviation from the civil war period to the present. Illustrated with hundred of photographs, heretofore unpublished in book form, the new volume includes a comprehensive study of Army aviation doctrine and aircraft employed over the years.

Amplifying the need for aviation support of the ground forces "in an age when the mobility-firepower scale must be balanced," the 287-page book devotes chapters to "Balloons to Cubs" - "Academics and Training" - "The War Years, North Africa, Sicily, and Italy" - "The War Years, Europe, Pacific, and Korea" - "Army Aviation Medicine" - "Medical Evacuation" - and other subjects.

Tierney and Montgomery are well acquainted with Army aviation, serving on the editorial staff of USAAVNS' "Army Aviation Digest." Some 1,000 copies of the edition has been printed. Individual copies may be purchased from Colonial Press, Northport, Alabama, at \$5.00 per copy COD plus postage.



DE HAVILLAND AIRCRAFT OF CANADA LIMITED

VANCOUVER, B.C.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA

DOWNSVIEW, ONTARIO

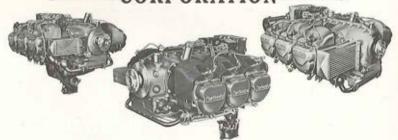
WASHINGTON, D.C.

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI



An exceptional record of performance has earned for Continental aircraft engines—for utility aircraft and a wide range of ground support equipment—important assignments in the overall job of Free World defense. Continental Motors finds solid satisfaction in this accomplishment. It is proud, also, of its role as principal source of engines for the world's leading aircraft for business and personal use—the power, economy and dependability to assure their ever-wider use.

CONTINENTAL MOTORS —— CORPORATION ——



AIRCRAFT ENGINE DIVISION

QUALITY Assurance, a fairly new ingrown thorn in the productive world, is spreading like an infectious plague. It has already placed the Supply and Materiel Readiness Concept back several years. Someone, somewhere, has developed the idiotic idea that the MODERN way to get an item expeditiously produced is to downgrade the responsibility of Quality Control. As a result, Quality Assurance was born.

Quality Assurance is a slide rule, statistical, analytical, and trusting method to conduct an inspection. Actually, it is a post-mortem, after-the-fact function. In essence, it is Russian roulette with the taxpayers' money and the lives of the men who fly the equipment.

Military Specification, MIL-Q-9858, has entrusted Quality Control to the producer of an item while the Government Quality Inspector sits

WHAT'S
HAPPENED
TO
QUALITY
CONTROL?



in a room full of charts and graphs and "guesstimates" the outcome of the production record. The things that are missing from those wall charts are the little white crosses which indicate that a contractor had a production, materiel or personnel problem and Quality accidentally fell by the wayside.

AQL (Acceptable Quality Levels) referenced in the Supply and Logistics Handbook "Inspection H-105." as governed by Military Standard 105, predetermines the "allowable" percentages of defects on any given Government contract. It would seem that if the Government is spending 100 pennies for an item, they are content to receive \$.65, \$.75 or \$.80 worth of merchandise. The remainder of the pennies are considered as "allowable defects." It is high time Quality Assurance is scrapped with its slide rules, charts and graphs, and a realistic Quality Control be reinstated to assure that the Government gets a dollar's worth of merchandise for every dollar spent.

Recently, NASA released a report on their space program. It reflected that in one manned back-up support flight:

"A total of 720 system or component discrepancies were recorded of which 526 were directly attributed to a lack of satisfactory quality of workmanship. Of this number, 444 required specially scheduled time to correct."

This sort of discrepancy record is a black eye to the American Productive System and, yet, could have been avoided for the most part. The waste, the cost for rework, the low-level safety factors, and the loss of time are all the fruits of Quality Assurance.

Under statistical and analytical Quality Assurance there are no stop signs on the road for a fast buck. From the aerospace program down to one O-1 "Bird Dog" on patrol, the quality of the machinery must be perfect. It is not the job of the astronaut or the aviator to prove that a quality assurance statistic was right or wrong - it is too late then.

If the Government Procurement function continues to follow its present acceptance of materiel by slide rule, charts, graphs and data processing, rather than actual Quality Control, Uncle Sam can soon open "The World's Largest Strategic Materiel Discount House." The materiel now being procured is not first class merchandise.

Final Quality Control cannot be entrusted to a contractor. "Quality" is only as good as the RESPECT afforded it by those who have charge of it. Quality and Production have never been the best of friends. "Quality" is always placed on the sacrificial altar when production runs into a snag.

There is no intent here to defame the outstanding product of this great country. In the early American production world, pride of workmanship was the guardian of quality. The wars and maximum efforts adopted Quality Control as the guardian of Quality. And now Quality Assurance has been pitted against production and cost cutting operations - and it cannot succeed.

As one reads the NASA report, a glaring statement is encountered. It clearly states, "Approximately 50 per cent of component spares were rejected after testing." This raises three questions:

- 1. Where was the pride of work-manship?
- 2. Where was Quality Control?
- 3. Where was Final Procurement Quality Control?

The answer lies in the fact that those items were probably procured by using a data processing machine as an inspector.

NO SHORT CUTS

Inspectors are not an ordinary group of people. They are a dedicated lot who have a sincere sense of pride for the items they accept. They, too, are experienced folks who know their job and, moreover, they know the equipment they are inspecting. "Quality" does not need slide rule jockeys. It needs Control and it needs Inspectors. There is no manpower shortage. There are no savings to short-cut quality. For every reject, there is rework; rework is throwing good money after bad. Statistically, the cost of rework costs more than the cost of Quality.

It would be most interesting to see a Quality Assurance Statistician buy

a new automobile for his own personal use. Of course, the AQL (Acceptance Quality Level) will be low, based on the per units produced. As such, a missing door handle, an inoperative generator, a dead battery, etc., would be "allowable" acceptable defects. This would never do for a personal vehicle, but what would be the AQL for a similar Government-procured vehicle? It is sound business for each individual in this country to want a dollar's worth of merchandise for every dollar spent. It is just as sound a business for Uncle Sam to get a full dollar's value for every dollar spent.

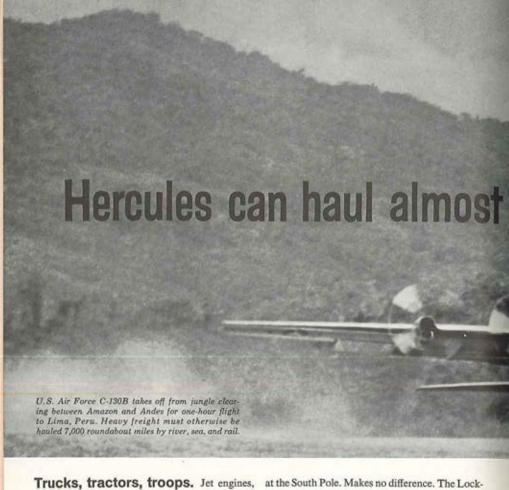
"SAMPLING" REJECTED

The sampling of Variable Acceptable Quality and Approved Nonconformance to specifications may be fine for staff cars, refrigerators and swivel chairs. There is no room for such Quality Assurance terms for CH-37 Clutches, U-1A Propellers, Aircraft Engines and Components, or any other AIR ITEM.

Military merchandise must be operational and functional before it is used. It cannot be found faulty when it is needed. This country has no right to ask its aviators and soldiers to make a final procurement acceptance inspection on the field of battle, for there a final acceptance reject is a final sacrifice.

BEECH RECEIVES ORDER FOR BOMB DISPENSERS

The U.S. Army has awarded the Beech Aircraft Corporation a follow-on contract for \$3,277,711 to produce bomb dispensers and containers. The new order is the third received by Beech on the articles. The military application of the completed items remains classified for security reasons.



Trucks, tractors, troops. Jet engines, jet fuel, jet pilots. Missiles, rockets, guidance systems. Air Force, Army, Navy, Marines, Coast Guard. Whatever, whoever, wherever—Hercules has what it takes to get the job done.

Destination may be a crude landing strip freshly hacked out of the jungle. Or a snow field at the South Pole. Makes no difference. The Lockheed C-130 Hercules can land and take off on just about any reasonably flat, clear spot on the face of the earth—so it can take its vital cargo close to the action without delay.

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in seconds—straight onto the truck-bed height cargo floor. And these doors can be opened in flight to permit king-size paradrops.

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LOCKHEED GEORGIA COMPANY

Marietta, Georgia - A Division of Lockheed Aircraft Corporation

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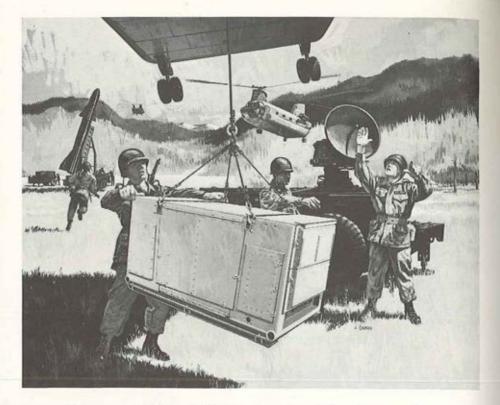
Launches target drones

Lands on snow & ice









Solar portable 100 kw gas turbine generator set has advanced solid state frequency control

Solar has developed a new portable 100 kw gas turbine-driven generator set with the Army's Engineering Research and Development Laboratories. Steady state and transient frequency control is significantly better than conventional hydro-mechanical governors available.

Prime mover for the new set is Solar's 350 hp T-350 gas turbine engine. The T-350 is a light, compact, simple cycle gas turbine designed especially for rugged military and industrial applications. It will operate without vibration on any liquid fuel, including diesel fuel, kerosene and combat gasoline. The engine starts instantly and accepts full load without warmup.

The unit's solid state governor

maintains frequency within very narrow limits despite wide variations in load, ambient temperature, altitude or engine temperature. The set will provide power for an advanced mobile battlefield radar system being developed by the Signal Corps. It is suitable for any application requiring a portable power supply with precise frequency control, such as missile ground support, checkout and launching equipment.

The entire unit, including engine, generator controls and intake and exhaust silencers, is completely self contained. It weighs 1300 lbs. and measures 90 inches in length by 36 inches in width and height. Parallel operation is provided.

Solar has developed a complete

family of gas turbine-powered generator sets from 15 kw to 800 kw. All are efficient, lightweight, portable units that have earned a reputation for dependability in hundreds of applications. Gas turbine air transportable generator sets give the armed forces increased mobility for today's military strategy.

For more information about Solar gas turbine generator sets, write Dept. L-159, Solar, San Diego, California 92112.



VIETNAM

REPORT

THIS is my final report on progress of Army aviation in the
Republic of Vietnam. As eventually
happens to all, Big "R" has almost
arrived. I, too, am beginning to
count the last days and think more
of CONUS, family and friends. I
have mixed reactions on leaving,
glad in many respects that my tour
is up, but also sad to leave the many
friends and associates and to no
longer be part of "Army aviation"
in Vietnam; proud to have been a
small part of it for the past year.

The Army Aviation Team in Vietnam is an effective, efficient and thoroughly outstanding professional group of officers and men. The progress and the improvements shown in all fields since the arrival of the first Army aviation units in January 1962 is almost beyond comprehension. All in the U.S. Army, be they in aviation or not, can be justly proud of this outstanding group and what they have accomplished.

The lessons learned and the techniques developed or rediscovered,

BY
LT. COLONEL
KENNETH D. MERTEL



assisting the Vietnamese in their war against the Viet Cong have probably advanced the mobility of our own Army by at least 10 years. The large reservoir of trained aviators, crew chiefs and aircraft maintenance men within Army aviation, all with combat experience, cannot help but enhance all of the Army. I am sure this is particularly true in the 11th Air Assault Division as well as other aviation units in CONUS, USAREUR, and USARPAC.

Individually and also collectively, Army aviation has developed a "can do" attitude. This has been amply demonstrated to our non-aviator brethren and to the Vietnamese on hundreds of occasions. Performance of difficult and hazardous missions under adverse weather conditions and terrain and in the face of the enemy are commonplace. When asked if a mission can be accomplished the typical answer is "I'll try, Sir."

The Air Medal with three silver and four gold oak leaf clusters was recently awarded to Staff Sergeant

Donald A. MacNevin from the UTT Helicopter Company, along with the promotion to E-6. This is the highest number of air medals vet to be won by any one individual in the Republic of Vietnam. It represents one year of flying as crew chief and gunner in an armed UH-1 helicopter and a total of over 500 combat assault missions flown against the Viet Cong. All, I might add, without receiving a purple heart, although his ship was hit many times. Sergeant MacNevin flew as gunner and crew chief with the Company Commander of the UTT Helicopter Company, originally with Major Ivan Slavich, and then with the present Company Commander, Mafor Robert Reuter.

OFFICAL RECOGNITION

Sergeant MacNevin represents the dedicated crew chief and gunner here in this counterinsurgency action against the Viet Cong that is so typified by the hundreds of other outstanding enlisted men serving in our Army aviation units over here. Without their devotion to duty and unrelenting efforts and skill, the splendid job accomplished by Army aviation in the Republic of Vietnam could not be.

The best of luck in your new assignment to the 3rd Armored Division in Europe, Sergeant Mac-Nevin. Keep up the good work.

MOUNTAIN MISSION

The 119th Aviation Company commanded by Major Donald A. Smith, recently accomplished another AA first. An assault mission was flown into a landing zone in II ARVN Corps having an elevation of 4,700 feet above MSL. This heliborne combat assault mission against Viet Cong forces is believed to be the first such mission flown by the U.S. Army Helicopters at so high an elevation. Any one else top it?

The mission consisted of moving a company of Vietnamese Army Rangers from Kontum to a landing zone in the rugged mountainous terrain near Mang Buk. A pre-strike was flown by the Vietnamese Air Force followed by the UH-1B transports escorted by armed helicopters to the landing zone. The mission was accomplished without incident and the objective was seized. Congratulations on a difficult job, well done.

FLYING HOUR PROGRAM

A few indications pertaining to the scope of hours flown over here. Probably the aviator flying the most time in any one month is Lieutenant Norman D. Carter of the 118th Aviation Company who flew 132 hours in a UH-1B helicopter during the month of October. All of this was combat support time. Any one beat that?

Most of the UH-1B equipped aviation companies are averaging 1,300 to 1,500 hours per month. CH-21 equipped aviation companies average 650-750 hours per month, although on occasions they have topped 1,000 hours. TO-1D aircraft of the 73rd Reconnaissance and Surveillance Company averaged 100 hours each for the month of October for a total of over 3,200 hours.

Crew chiefs, mechanics and other maintenance personnel are performing an outstanding job in keeping the aircraft flying to support the combat flying hours program indicated. Majority of this work must be accomplished under field conditions, for not all units are equipped with adequate hangars and lighted facilities. Work must be accomplished largely in the late afternoon and evening after completion of the assault missions in order that the ships are ready to go again tomorrow.

During maximum efforts on a repeated daily basis, the only way to keep the required aircraft flying is to conduct maintenance on a 24hour day basis. Personnel responsible for the aircraft spare parts supply are to be congratulated for having the parts when needed. Without this excellent support, effective maintenance could not be accomplished. The exceptional efforts of both maintenance and aircraft supply personnel are amplified by the availability rates of an average 90 per cent for the UH-1B fleet and 80 per cent for the CH-21 fleets in recent weeks. These rates are the highest ever attained under combat conditions, world wide; and are high above Department of the Army averages. Keep up the outstanding record.

FLIGHT FOLLOWING

A U.S. Army tactical flight following system has been established in most Vietnamese Army Corps areas to supplement the flight following provided on a limited basis by the U.S. Air Force.

As an example, the system in III ARVN Corps operated by the 145th Aviation Battalion employs four FM radio stations including a master station. These four stations spread throughout the Corps zone provide accurate flight following that will monitor the flight of each aircraft. This is particularly important for the single ship missions flown by helicopters and the TO-1D. In the event of forced landings, aircraft damage by enemy fire, etc., rescue services can be secured quickly. This is most reassuring, especially to those flying over the rough mountains and jungle growth in the northern part of the zone.

CHANGE OF ASSIGNMENT

There have been a number of changes of assignment of key personnel. First in the 145th Aviation Battalion, Major Francis J. Lopes, departs as Battalion Executive Officer to be replaced by Major John Brosnan, a recent arrival. Major Lopes has performed an outstanding job as Adjutant and Battalion Executive Officer during his tour. At the same time as an additional duty he has managed to become qualified in both the CH-21 and the UH-1B and to fly numerous combat assault missions in both types of units. Lieutenant Colonel Crawford Buchanan recently joined the 145th Avn. Battalion as Deputy Commander.

The Delta Aviation Battalion recently received a new arrival, Major John Roberts who assumed duties as Assistant Battalion Executive Officer. Major Edward Seymour turned over command of the 121st Aviation Company to Captain John Anderson who will now provide direction and guidance for the "Soc Trang Tigers."

Major Morgan Mathews departed for CONUS, relinquishing command

Hughes makes news in air mobility!

Hardly more than a generation ago, practical rotary wing flight was largely a promise.

Since just after World War II, when the Hughes Tool Company/Aircraft Division embarked on helicopter development, the industry has grown more capable of meeting the need for new and better craft.

However, the contributions the rotary wing industry can make are just beginning. These examples of Hughes Tool accomplishments, and its plans for the future, demonstrate this fact. For, today, rotary wing flight holds the promise of revolutionizing man's transportation patterns.

The Hughes Tool Company/Aircraft Division is putting all of the ingenuity, skill and resources at its command into making that promise a reality.



The Hughes XH-17—First Large Pressure-Jet Flying Crane. Flying at a gross weight of 47,500 lbs., the XH-17 proved the feasibility and the advantages of jet power for rotary wing craft. Built and demonstrated at the Hughes Tool Company/Aircraft Division facilities in Culver City, California, the XH-17 flew numerous tests from 1952 through 1955. This invaluable experience—in the techniques of jet engine installation, in the design of complex ducting, in the development of pressurized structures—has led to several new Hughes advancements in turbine powered craft.

The HO-2 Met or Exceeded All Guarantees. Designed specifically to meet the Army's need for a low-cost, light two-place helicopter, the HO-2 prototypes were outstanding demonstrations of Hughes Tool Company capabilities. With a high power to weight ratio, small rotor diameter, rugged structure and over-all simplicity and integrity of design, the HO-2 easily met or exceeded all guarantees.



The Hughes 269A Cuts Commercial Hellcopter Costs in Half. In volume production at Culver City, the Hughes 269A has met with immediate commercial success. At the low cost of \$22,890 and delivering top performance at a 13¢ per mile cost, the 269A fills an important civilian transportation need. Owners praise the 269A's 360° visibility, its very high maneuverability, responsive controls, unusual stability and ability to get in and out of small areas.



The OH-6A—4-Place LOH for the U.S. Army. Winner of a development contract in the Army's Light Observation Helicopter program, Hughes Tool will deliver five OH-6A prototypes for evaluation. The OH-6A will have forward speeds in the 140 m.p.h. class. Its payload will exceed 1,000 lbs. Its compact size, small rotor diameter and folding blade features will enable it to operate from tight quarters and provide for easy concealment. Taken together, the OH-6A's capabilities promise exceptional performance over the mission spectrum, from combat recon through logistic support.



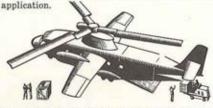
Hughes 4-Place, Turbine-Powered 369 Civilian Helicopter. Adapted from the Hughes Tool Company's OH-6A design for the Army, the 369 would fill the important need for a low-cost 4-place helicopter for civilian use. It would offer the same high speeds and high load capacities as the OH-6A. And compact size would allow more efficient operation for all types of applications.



Revolutionary Hot Cycle Rotor System. The Hughes Hot Cycle Rotor system promises a major breakthrough in vertical lift economy. Fuselage-mounted turbojets supply high energy gas through ducts to the blade tips to drive the rotor. Light ducting is substituted for heavy, complex power turbines, gear boxes, shafting, tail rotor. Under Army contract, work is progressing on design and construction of the XV-9A Hot Cycle Research Aircraft, below.



Hughes Hot Cycle-Powered "Flying Crane." The simplicity and light weight of the Hot Cycle Rotor System promises to provide heavy lift helicopters with economy and performance greatly surpassing existing systems. The 20-ton payload flying crane design illustrated above is an example of such an application.



The Hughes Military Compound Jet VTOL Transport. This advanced VTOL concept utilizes the efficiencies of the Hughes Hot Cycle Rotor System to their fullest advantage. For vertical lift, the high energy gases drive the rotor. For cruise flight, the gases are used to drive ducted fan propulsion units. This compound configuration provides a 5-ton payload, 500 nautical mile radius capability with an aircraft empty weight of just 13,000 pounds. Advantages of such a military VTOL would include: self-deployment with a ferry range of 2,500 nautical miles, high cruise speed of 250 knots, multimission flexibility and low maintenance. The Hughes Compound Jet VTOL promises a major breakthrough in operating economy offering costs less than half those of existing VTOL aircraft.

Outstanding Design and Production Capability. At Culver City, California, the Hughes Tool Company/Aircraft Division has one of the industry's most complete rotary wing facilities — now producing Model 269A helicopters at a one per day rate in its over 400,000 square foot manufacturing complex. The Hughes Tool Company/Aircraft Division has the imagination, the experience, and the production capabilities which will help keep it a leader in the rotary wing world of tomorrow.

Hughes Tool Company
Aircraft Division, Culver City, California



of the 1st Aviation Co. to Captain Kenneth Blake. Captain Samuel Conlev departed for a reassignment to CONUS, releasing command of the 611th Field Maintenance Company (DS) to Captain Charles Nickolls. The 330th Heavy Maintenance and Supply Company received a new commander with Major George Sullivan assuming command. The 339th Field Maintenance Company (DS) is also in the news with Captain Robert Lawrence going home, replaced by Captain Wayne Barker, fresh from the U.S. The UTT Helicopter Co. received a new commander, as Major Robert Reuter departed, replaced by Captain Calvin Bean.

Best of luck to all you "departees."

NEW CORRESPONDENT

I have asked Colonel John Klingenhagen, the Deputy Commander of the U.S. Army Support Group, to continue to write this column and spread

EQUIPMENT ISSUE

The March, 1964 issue of "ARMY AVIATION" will be a special issue of the magazine covering all operational and experimental aircraft utlized within Army aviation during the 1942–1963 period.

The "Equipment Issue," last published in September, 1960, will list approximately 80 fixed and rotary wing aircraft in its 80 to 96 pages.

Subscribers will receive a copy of this special issue as one of the regular 12 issues of an annual subscription.

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the word about Army aviation in Vietnam. He has assured me that he will "carry on."

It has indeed been a pleasure and a privilege to know the many fine officers and men over here and to have been associated with all of you for the past year. My new assignment is Fort Rucker, Alabama, so if down there or passing through, give me a call. I plan on taking a bit of leave throughout the Far East and CONUS prior to reporting to duty about 1 February. See you then.

A very Merry Xmas and Happy New Year to all of you remaining in the Republic of Vietnam. Your rotation date will be here before you know it. Until then, all I can say is "Sorry about that." Good luck. Announcing . . .

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29	\$23.80	\$5,712.00	\$5,513.40	\$198.60	\$9.93 per Year
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1 CRESTWOOD ROAD WESTPORT, CONN. 06882 THE ARMY LOOKS AT THE FUTURE OF . . .

MANNED AIRCRAFT

By

BRIGADIER GENERAL JOHN J. TOLSON

Director of Army Aviation, OACSFOR

Department of the Army

ARMY aviation differs substantially in scope and concept from the air elements of the other Servcies. Its sole purpose is to assist the ground soldier in the accomplishment of his mission.

Army aviation does this by improving tactical mobility. Improvement has advanced to the degree that air mobile operations are no longer considered a special operation but are within the capability of each division using its own assigned aircraft.

In addition, another function of Army aviation is the original use of all military aircraft as the eyes of the Army. Battlefield surveillance by air is of vital importance in all types of operations. It is as important to be able to locate dissidents in counterinsurgency warfare as it is to locate lucrative targets on a nuclear battlefield. In both cases, instantaneous action is required or the targets will quickly vanish. Army aircraft operating in the environment of the front line troops and under the command of the ground commander have proved to represent the best means of achieving instantaneous response against targets developed from battlefield surveillance.

To accomplish the missions of mobility and surveillance, manned aircraft are the principal aerial vehicles. The role of Army aviation dictates that manned aircraft will comprise the bulk of our aircraft inventory. For the surveillance mission the Army currently employs, and plans to continue to employ, drones to assist in obtaining combat information. But the drones are used only to complement manned surveillance aircraft.

The aircraft inventory of the Army has increased to the point where the Army now has 6,000 aircraft, half of which are rotary wing. To operate these aircraft we have more than 7,000 rated pilots, both officers and warrant officers. As the Army continues to find new ways to improve combat effectiveness through the use of aviation, there is little doubt that the number of aircraft and the number of Army aviators will increase. Of course, in planning for an increase in aircraft for future Army units, the important problem to resolve is the determination of the monetary and personnel effort to be devoted to aircraft in relation to other requirements. Air mobility and aerial surveillance cannot and should not be discussed as entities: aviation must be approached from the over-all Army operational concepts contemplated for the future.

Accordingly, we have continually pointed out to the aircraft industry that the number of aircraft we require is severely hampered by the high costs. Unless a major breakthrough in the cost of aircraft occurs, our air mobile operations and our surveillance efforts will not advance as rapidly as they should. In this connection, the Army Chief of Staff, General Earle G. Wheeler, has stated that the spiraling of procurement costs bear heavily on the future of air mobility.

AIR MOBILITY

There are many problems inherent in the growing aviation activities in the Army. One of these is the control of the diverse elements comprising the Army aviation posture. The Aviation Program is presently diffused throughout the Army in a horizontal structure instead of a vertical one. Whether this system is the most effective is currently under study. This is another example in a long history of investigations to determine the organization, tactical doctrine, and hardware required for Army aviation.

A military force today cannot achieve maximum mobility if it is ground bound. The terrain in a large portion of the world prohibits the employment of tanks, armored personnel carriers and, in many cases, even wheeled vehicles. A tremendous engineering effort is required in mountainous and jungle country to prepare even a primitive road. The Pacific campaigns during

This article has been reprinted in "Army Aviation Magazine" through the courtesy of Grumman "HORIZONS." World War II, Korea, and now Vietnam point out that only an air mobile force in such terrain can have true mobility. The terrain in other potential trouble spots substantiates this conclusion.

Several prerequisites for a successful military force are its ability to move, to see, to shoot, and to communicate. Movement is a critical factor, as evidenced by the common thread running through the successes of military history which indicates that the force getting to a key position first with the most troops gains the upper hand. If you can move your force to a dominating position on the battlefield quicker than the enemy, and quicker than he believes you are capable of moving, your chances of winning are good. If you can react to the enemy's thrust in the same fashion, he may fail in his attack or place himself in a vulnerable position susceptible to a counterattack. On the rolling plains of Europe, mechanized forces, tank-heavy but augmented by air mobile units. offer the greatest opportunity for success. In some other parts of the world, the desired mobility can be achieved only by air.

Army aviation, as we know it today, began in 1942 with the Employment of Piper Cubs for Artillery air observation. These aircraft were organic to field artillery units. These Cubs saw their first combat in the North African campaign. Aviation tactics and techniques were quickly developed and proved highly effective. A pattern for the employment of the Cubs was well formed by the end of the African campaign, and commanders understood the value

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of the light plane in combat as an excellent information gathering source as well as an aerial artillery observation post.

ORGANIC AIRCRAFT VITAL

The Army continued the development of organic aircraft after World War II and Korea. In the Korean War helicopters proved to be highly efficient for medical evacuation purposes, with literally thousands of lives saved by rapid movement from forward areas to mobile hospitals. After Korea, the helicopter program was rapidly accelerated and air mobile assault tactics were formulated. Doctrine was developed which since has undergone continuous review and has been tested in war games, in field exercises, and in combat in South Vietnam. The tests and our air mobile support operations in Vietnam have confirmed that air movement contributes a significant tactical advantage to the ground unit employing it in counterinsurgency operations. The tests so far have also validated the principle that just as the Army needs organic personnel carriers for movement on the ground and its own bridging and assault boats for river crossings, so does it need organic aircraft for optimum tactical movement on almost any battlefield.

The performance of the early helicopters in Korea and the advances made since in rotary-wing aerodynamics gave an impetus and a new look to the Army aviation program. The helicopter rapidly developed into the backbone of Army aviation. This is evident in the new divisional organization adopted by

the Army; in each type of division, there is a total of 101 aircraft authorized. Of these, 97 are helicopters.

The Army's aircraft inventory contains many CH-21 and CH-34 helicopters. These aircraft models are being replaced in our combat units as fast as the newer turbine-powered Bell "Iroquois" come off the production line. The UH-1 "Iroquois" replaces the UH-19, U-6 (de-Havilland Beaver), and the CH-34s and CH-21s. The "Iroquois" is significant in that it was the first helicopter designed for service in the Army combat zone and is also the first turbine-powered Army helicopter.

The models are currently being produced: the B, a utility helicopter capable of being armed with machine guns and/or rockets; the newer, larger D model, which can carry a rifle squad plus crew.

LOH TO REPLACE THREE

Another new model helicopter is the CH-47 Chinook, which will replace the CH-37 medium helicopter. The Chinook is a tandem rotor aircraft which can transport 33 combat troops and a crew of three. It is powered by two turbine engines. A company of Chinooks will comprise part of the Transport Brigade with the 11th Air Assault Division at Fort Benning, Georgia.

Currently being developed by Bell, Hughes, and Hiller is the light observation helicopter (LOH). The LOH will ultimately replace the Bell OH-13, the Hiller OH-23 and the fixed wing Cessna O-1 (L-19). The three manufacturers will deliver

aircraft in the near future for evaluation tests to be conducted at Fort Rucker, Alabama, After the evaluation, a decision will be made as to the best design. It is anticipated that the decision will be made in the summer of 1964. The LOH will offer substantial performance advantages over the present light observation helicopters and fixed-wing planes. It will be a four-place aircraft powered with a 250-hp turbine engine.

While the helicopter was proved to be the workhorse vehicle for air mobile operations, the Army has continued to improve its fixed-wing battlefield surveillance capability. Korea showed that an observation aircraft with increased performance characteristics was required. The demand for such an aircraft became urgent with the development of tactical small yield atomic weapons and accurate means of delivery. Prompt surveillance with instantaneous response has become a key to success on the modern, dispersed battlefield.

FIELD TESTED

Grumman was the winner of the design competition for an improved Army fixed-wing observation aircraft. An evaluation by a Joint Army-Navy Board favored the versatile, highly successful Mohawk. The Mohawk, capable of operating from short fields and sod runways, fulfilled the Army's post-Korea requirement for short-range visual observation, day and night photography, electronic surveillance, and target acquisition missions under the majority of flight weather conditions. The Army, of course, still looks to the Air Force for support in the deep-penetration, high-performance flight regimes.

Mohawks evolved in three models, all of which have both visual and photographic observation capabilities. The B model has the additional capability of electronic surveillance using side-looking airborne radar (SLAR), while the C model has an infrared capability. Mohawks have been employed with the Seventh U.S. Army in Europe at the division level since early 1962.

VERSATILE AND FLEXIBLE

Our assistance to the Republic of Vietnam led to the use of Mohawks to gain the information required for air mobile helicopter assaults against the Communist Viet Cong. Experience dictated that there was a requirement to arm the Mohawks for these operations, so they could locate and fire on the enemy simultaneously. While the Mohawk capable of delivering machine gun fire, rockets, bombs, smoke and missiles, only machine gun fire and rockets have been used extensively in Vietnam.

A Special Warfare Aviation Detachment, equipped with Mohawks, was deployed to Vietnam in September, 1962. The record of this organization and its aircraft has shown that the Mohawk is an excellent counterinsurgency aircraft. It can get to an area quickly, is adapted to forward area basing and maintenance, and has accomplished its surveillance mission with optimum effectiveness at low levels.

The lessons we are learning in

Vietnam appear equally applicable to other areas of the world and tend to confirm our doctrine. In modern warfare - regardless of whether it is a nuclear war on the plains of Europe, a Korea-type struggle in frozen mountains, or a counterinsurgency struggle in the jungles of Vietnam - accurate and timely information must be immediately available to the ground commander.

One of the Army's major efforts is the development and test of the 11th Air Assault Division at Fort Benning, Georgia. This division is the outgrowth of the U.S. Army Tactical Mobility Requirements Board (Howze Board). This report sets forth a dynamic new approach to the battlefield mobility problem. The study proposed a new division built around aerial assault. It emphasized that aircraft for such a unit could be procured only with a corresponding diminution in other Army equipment which has been used historically in the ground battle. The concepts undergoing test by the 11th Air Assault Division are different from those of the past in both equipment and in tactical doctrine.

The test of the new Air Assault concepts at Fort Benning is under observation by all services and by many nations. If the test results prove the efficacy of air mobile assaults on a large scale, subsequent close analysis will be required to determine what traditional ground elements will be supplemented or replaced by air elements.

There are numerous goals that

we strive to attain in Army aviation. For the future we must increase our air mobility potential, and we must concentrate on decreasing the vulnerability of our equipment. Aircraft must be equipped with self-sealing fuel cells and sufficient armor to withstand hostile fire. Vulnerability may also be reduced by increasing the speed of the aircraft (consistent with its capability of accomplishing the mission) and by developing effective tactics and techniques to include treetop navigational techniques when necessary.

We must strive to reduce further the numbers of aircraft types in our inventory. While our programmed procurement calls for seven basic types of aircraft in the immediate future, careful planning and state-of-the art developments may make possible even greater reductions. This will facilitate training and maintenance and ease the spare parts supply problem.

We are continuing to test Army air mobility concepts and are learning daily lessons from combat in Vietnam. We have learned much from the experiences of others, such as the extensive air mobile operations of the French in Algeria. Our capability to implement increased Army air mobility and air assault concepts is affected not only by the experience we are continuing to achieve, but also by technical advances in aircraft and associated equipment. As our capabilities, doctrine and hardware continue to be improved, our Army combat forces will be less influenced by the natural



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By considering possible developments in doctrine and aircraft, we might visualize a normal Army aerial assault on tomorrow's battlefield as commencing with rapid acquisition of enemy information by organic surveillance aircraft. Aided by this information, the commander and his staff would select objectives and plan the attack. Objectives would be attacked and softened by appropriate weapons. Simultaneously, the air mobile forces would embark for the objective areas in transport aircraft, accompanied by armedescorts. As the transports arrived in or near the objective areas, the armed escort aircraft would continue to provide suppressive fire during troop deployment as well as appropriate supporting fire during assaults on the final objectives. Subsequent deployment of reinforcements, evacuation of battle casualties, and resupply of critically needed items would be accomplished by organic Army aircraft. Depending on the status of enemy air, the Air Force would provide air cover for the operations.

The use of air assault tactics and equipment would enable the ground combat force to rapidly seize selected objectives necessary to the

NOTE

The current issue of Grumman "Horizons" carries this article.

conduct of the land battle. These tactics would be must more costly in terms of lives, time, and equipment lost if air mobile tactics were not employed. Such future employment would merely evolve from our present rather limited capabilities.

Improvements in these capabilities will depend principally on development of advanced aerial vehicles and the training of air assault teams into cohesive combat elements. There are no radically new principles involved. Armies have continually strived for mobility advantages over their enemies. Air mobile concepts have been developed to gain certain mobility advantages offered by modern technology. We cannot afford not to accept the promise of tomorrow which we are being offered today.

The Army is on the threshold of a new era in mobility. Whether engaged in counterinsurgency operations or in nuclear warfare, aviation in the Army will function as an integral part of the Army bound firmly to the ground soldier, oriented toward and specifically trained for the conduct of the land battle.

TOM HARRIS TO RUN FOR U.S. SENATE

Well known throughout Army aviation circles, Thomas J. Harris has resigned as Vice President and General Manager of the Aero Commander Division of the Rockwell-Standard Corporation and has announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination to the United States Senate from the State of Oklahoma.

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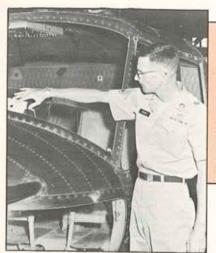
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LEFT; It's a small world! UH1-A Iroquois No. 683, once assigned to the 53rd Transportation Company in Vietnam, came to Fort Rucker where it was stationed with Staff Sergeant Perce Harvey as its crew chief. The sergeant had "crewed" the same ship in Vietnam and recalls vividly the bullet-hole in the plexi-glass front window of the 'copter. The craft and its crew were on a routine mission, when the Viet Cong began firing at them. The slug that tore through the window was stopped by the bullet-proof vest the pilot was wearing. BELOW: The Piasecki 16H compound helicopter recently reached a speed of 170 mph, exceeding the world speed record for rotary wing aircraft in its weight class. A streamlined disk housing the rotor hub and retractable gear are several design features that enabled the 16H to exceed the existing 107 mph record.



ABOVE: Prior to his departure from Hqs. First U.S. Army, Major John S. Aufill (right), commander of the First U.S. Army Flight Detachment at Floyd Bennett Field, Brooklyn, N.Y., received an "Aviator Plaque" from the personnel with whom he has served. Presenting the award is Lt. Col. Arthur F. Hammarstrom, Chief of the Aviation Division of First U.S. Army, Governors Island, N.Y. RIGHT: Brig. General Gemal Savasen of Turkey is shown in the cockpit of a UH-1B Iroquois helicopter prior to being taken on an orientation flight at the U.S. Army Aviation Center, Fort Rucker, Ala. General Savasen, commanding general of the 2nd Army Artillery, Ground Forces Command, was accompanied by seven other Turkish officers at the orientation on Army aviation training policies and procedures conducted at USAAVNS. (US Army photo)



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NOVEMBER-DECEMBER PHOTOS

LEFT: Demonstrating its lifting capacity, a Hughes 300, the three-passenger second generation model of the 269A, hoists an airframe of its sister ship, the two-place 269A, with ease. The new 'copter made its debut in early December at the first annual international Hughes dealers' conference held near Palm Springs, Cal. BELOW: U.S. and German Army officers who participated in the Joint U.S. Army/Federal Republic of Germany (FRG) OV-1 Mohawk evaluation. Left to right are Maj. Roeper, senior German OIC; Maj. James R. Barkley, U.S. Army OIC of Joint Evaluation; Capt. George Mikula, Evaluation Pilot; Maj. Francis Dull, OIC of Intelligence Gathering & Imagery Interpretation; and Capt. Schenk, German Army OIC, Test Scheduling.

ABOVE: Col. William B. Dyer (4th from left) and his staff officers and unit commanders listen to Staff Section Reports during the 7th U.S. Army Aviation Group Commanders' Conference held in late November at Ludwigsburg, Germany. The Conference covers the aircraft maintenance program, security and CBR procedures, safety, reenlistment problems, and other areas requiring coordination between Group Headquarters and its subordinate units. RIGHT: Lockheed-Georgia's Hummingbird, the first VTOL jet airplane designed and built for the U.S. Army, is shown during the flight in which it made the transition from vertical to horizontal flight. The two-place, mid-wing monoplane is 32' long and is being built under a \$2-1/2-million fixed price contract from the U.S. Army Transportation Research Command (USATRECOM), Pt. Eustis, Va.

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120th Aviation Company APO 143, San Francisco, Calif.

BAKER, ROGER A. 17th Replacement Company APO 20, San Francisco, Calif.

BALKEMA, JOHN B. Route #1

Bozeman, Montana BOZEK, STANLEY R. 119th Aviation Company

APO 95, San Francisco, Calif. BROZ, VLADIMIR R.

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WO'S (CONT.)

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JONES, JERRY F. 11th Air Assault Division Fort Benning, Georgia

JONES, PAT W. 11th Medical Battalion, 11th AAD

Fort Benning, Georgia KARCHER, GEORGE C.

11th Air Assault Division Fort Benning, Georgia KING, CLIFFORD C.

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SP/5'S

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OBITUARIES

FIRST LIEUTENANT EUGENE J. TAYLOR

FIRST LIEUTENANT EUGENE J. TAYLOR, assigned to the 503rd Aviation Battalion, APO 165, New York, New York, sustained fatal injuries when the OV-1 Mohawk aircraft of which he was pilot crashed during the conduct of a training mission. The fatal Army aircraft accident occurred near Hanau, Germany, on November 7, 1963. Lieutenant Taylor is survived by his widow, Mrs. Kathleen M. Taylor, of Route I. Bloomington, Indiana.

AAAA IN PHOTOS





CHAPTER ACTIVITIES

Top Left: Col. Albert Newton, CO, U.S. Army Aviation Maintenance Center, Garmisch, Germany, addressing the membership of the Rhine Valley Chapter during that Chapter's initial FY64 meeting. Shown seated are Lt. Col. William R. Mathews, Chapter president, and Mrs. Mathews. Top Right: Members of the newly-activated Cap St Jacques (Vietnam) Chapter are shown balloting during the Chapter's informal activation meeting held earlier this year. The Chapter is the Quad A's first membership activity in Southeast Asia. Below Left: Col. Daniel H. Heyne, former Assistant Commandant of USAPHS, is shown addressing the graduates of ORWAC Class 63-7AT at a Luncheon sponsored by the Fort Wolters Chapter of AAAA. Below Right: Col. Edward McMaken, Deputy Assistant Commandant and President of the Army Aviation Center Chapter, is shown presenting an "Association Membership Incentive Check" to Warrant Officer Candidate Wayne Lavender, the Class Leader representing Warrant Officer Rotary Wing Aviator Class 63-5W. The WORWAC class had achieved 100 per cent membership participation in AAAA while in an aviation student primary classification. (U.S. Army photos)





AAAA FOUNDATION SOLICITS SCHOLARSHIP APPLICATIONS

The AAAA Scholarship Foundation announces the availability of \$1,500 in 1964 scholarship assistance funds for the sons and daughters of members of AAAA.

Application forms for the 1964 scholarships may be obtained by writing to the AAAA Scholarship Foundation, Inc., 1 Crestwood Road, Westport, Conn. 06882. The applications, together with a supporting financial statement, must be returned to the Foundation on or before 1 February 1964 to receive Awards Committee consideration.

ELIGIBILTY

Eligibility requirements for the awards have been minimized. The applicant must be:

The son or daughter of a member or deceased member of AAAA.

A high school graduate or senior who has made application to an accredited college or university for Fall, 1964 entrance as a freshman, or who has been accepted for freshman enrollment in Fall, 1964.

Unmarried and a citizen of the United States.

AREA INTERVIEWS

Following the receipt of the completed application form, the financial statement, and the required academic transcripts, the Foundation will notify the applicant to report to a group of interviewing officers selected from among the AAAA membership residing in the applicant's area. The "Report of

SCHOLARSHIP AWARD



JOEL R. GRAFT (LEFT) RECEIVES THE 1963 AAAA SCHOLARSHIP AWARD OF \$1,500 FROM BRYCE WILSON, AAAA PAST PRESIDENT. THE '63 AWARD WAS THE CONTRIBUTION OF THE RYAN AERONAUTICAL FOUNDATION.

Interview" serves as an important part of the documentation required for awards consideration.

The final selection will be made by the AAAA National Awards Committee, a permanent standing committee of the National Executive Board of the AAAA that has been designated by the Foundation to serve as the Foundation's judging agency. The selection will be made during the 2-14 March 1964 period with the winners to be notified no later than 15 March 1964.

Incorporated on December 5, the AAAA Scholarship Foundation, Inc. is a separate, non-profit educational organization created to administer scholarship assistance to members.

100% AAAA AVIATION PRIMARY STUDENT CLASSES







OFFICER OBSERVATION HELICOPTER COURSE 63-5WT

FRONT ROW: WO's R. Thaxton, G. Toman, T. Thompson, D. Felder, H. Scoggins, G. Karcher, M. McClure, C. Smith, F. Freitas, K. Evans, D. Kinkeade, (Sitting on helicopter door (WO G. Newton). BACK ROW: H. Payne, T. Stout, G. McLachlan, D. Patton, V. Broz, E. Harbold, L. Storm, J. Porter, V. Martin, and J. Neal. (Class Graduation held on 18 October 1963). (U.S. Army photo)

OFFICER ORSERVATION HELICOPTER COURSE 63-6T

FRONT ROW: Lts D. Mastrean, H. Stewart, E. Millholland, F. Ross, P. Silberger, H. Standfield, L. Story, R. Campbell, A. Synott, and R. Seaman; and CWO D. Scott. BACK ROW: Lts D. Riley, D. Shockley, and J. Moyer; CWO E. Weisenburger; Lts F. Stubbs, R. Lewis, R. Meeker, and M. Thoreson; WOC D. Byars; Lts M. Nutt and R. Rupcic; and Capt R. Brafford (Class Commander) (Graduation held on 20 Sept.)

OFFICER OBSERVATION HELICOPTER COURSE 63-7T

FRONT ROW (left to right): Lts J. Byrd, R. Banning, K. Pelfrey, J. Eddy, A. Morison, V. York, J. Gomez, J. Thiels, V. Cessna, and M. Chalfant. BACK ROW: Capt. B. Sanders; Lts. T. Cassada, R. Kellum, J. Van Vleck, D. McGuire, P. Twomey, C. Fisher, G. Zeigler, G. Ramage, R. Lemay, and L. Wice. (Graduation on 15 November)

NEW CHAPTER OFFICERS

DAVISON ARMY AIRFIELD CHAPTER Exec VP.....Lt. Col. Carl A. Colozzi

VP, Army Aff Capt. Charles L. Calvert

FORT BENNING CHAPTER

President......Major Paul B. Robison Exec VP......Col. Curtis L. Hankins Secretary......Maj. Lemuel M. Thomas VP. Army AffCol. Gerald H. Shea

CAP ST. JACQUES (VIETNAM)

President......Capt. Harry W. Chambers Exec VP......Capt. Joseph D. White Secretary Capt. Arthur L. Winters Treasurer......Capt. John W. Houser VP, Army Aff...Capt. Charles E. Nickolls VP, Indus Aff..Capt. Douglas L. Hutchens VP, Public Aff Lt. Jose R. Rodriguez

FORT RILEY CHAPTER

President......Maj. Charles A. Licha Secretary......Capt. D.F. Kockx Treasurer.....Lt. Peter R. Harris VP, Army Aff...CWO Fred'k C. Nicholson VP, Public Aff CWO Walter C. Larson

JIMMIE L. HILTON CHAPTER

President......Lt. Col. J.Y. Hammack VP. Public Aff....CWO James A. Bartley



HAMMACK



CHAMBERS

GRAND CANYON CHAPTER

Exec VP......Capt. William D. Phillips Secretary......Capt. Willie L. Davis Treasurer......Maj. John R. Brown VP. Public Aff......Mr. H.J. Hemler

FORT HOOD CHAPTER

Exec VP......Capt. Harry J. Zellmer Secretary......Maj. Jack H. Dibrell Treasurer Capt. Harold Bristow, Jr. VP, Army Aff......Capt. David J. Delany VP. Indus Aff WO Robert C. Crawford



■ Brig. Gen. John J. Tolson, Director of Army Aviation, OACSFOR, is shown addressing a 12 November Luncheon of the Davison Army Airfield Chapter. Maj. Lawrence F. McKay, Chapter president, is shown to his right. Col. Robert H. Schulz, Deputy Director; Col. Edgar C. Wood, Davison CO; and Col. Hoover, MDW Chief of Staff; and representatives of industry attended the professional luncheon.

NEW CHAPTER OFFICERS (CONT.) FULDA CHAPTER

Secretary.......Capt. Orous L. Ellis, Jr. VP, Army Aff.....Capt. Wm. A. Geer, Jr. VP, Public Aff....Capt. Jos. P. Gallagher

ILLESHEIM CHAPTER

Secretary......Capt. Philip G. Wolf Treasurer.....Capt. Gene L. Moeller VP, Army Aff.....Capt. Clyde L. Klick

LINDBERGH CHAPTER

Exec VP......Col. Earl H. Hauschultz

MONTEREY CHAPTER

President.......Maj. Marvin M. Morgan Exec VP.......Capt. Robert F. O'Kane Secretary.....Capt. Frederick R. Cunha Treasurer.....CWO John L. Lawlor VP, Army Aff....Capt. James E. Miller VP, Res Aff....Capt. Jack B. MacDougall VP, Indus Aff...Capt. Clover H. Jones, Jr. VP, Public Aff...Capt. Jack R. Barnhisel

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President.......Maj. Lloyd A. Watland Exec VP.......CWO Clifford V. Turvey Secretary..Capt. William W. Redman, Jr. Treasurer......Sp/6 Jarvis E. Peele VP, Army Aff...CWO James D. Ferguson VP, Indus Aff.....CWO Loren N. Foster

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VP, Public Aff Capt. John G. Matthews

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Its solid Navy blue background. (Yes, we said, "NAVY blue!" The ties are cut in the standard American pattern and cost \$3.50 each postpaid - which covers the cost of the tie, postage, and packaging. The ties may be ordered through AAAA, Westport, Conn. Your check for the ties should be made payable to AAAA.

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AAAA TO SUPPORT 70 REGIONAL SCIENCE FAIRS

Lieutenant William R. Rittenhouse

Initiating its participation in the Science Fair Program on a nationwide basis, the Army Aviation Association has received requests for "AAAA support" from well over seventy local and Regional Science Fairs scheduled to be held in early 1964.

Under the Science Awards Program adopted by the National Executive Board, the Association will provide a Certificate of Merit to the student whose local Science Pair exhibit is considered the most outstanding in the areas of aerodynamics, propulsion, or supporting techniques. Where feasible, and when requested by the local Science Fair, a judging team of AAAA members will judge the student exhibits at at each local Fair. The Association will also support the 15th National Science Fair-International to be held at Baitimore, Md., in the Spring of 1964. Judges designated by the Army Aviation Association will attend the Fair, selecting five finalists in any of the categories previously mentioned. Each of the five award-winning students will receive a \$100,00 cash award and the Association Certificate of Merit.

The Science Awards Program of AAAA was initiated by the Washington, D.C. Chapter which conducted two highly successful "Awards Program" in '62 and '63. Following early '963 Board approval, the AAAA participated in the 14th NSF-I at Albuquerque, New Mexico.

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USAREUR ANNUAL MEETING TO BE HELD 4-8 MARCH

The United States Army, Europe, AAAA Annual Meeting will be held at the U.S. Army Recreation Center, Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Germany, during the period 4-8 March 1984. A large gathering of USAREUR members will attend the meeting for the purposes of exchanging professional information and electing a new slate of USAREUR Region officers.

Programming for the four-day meeting includes arrival and registration on 4 March; "ARMY DAY"—Chapter Presidents' Meeting and Luncheon and Army presentations throughout the afternoon on 5 March; "INDUSTRY DAY"—with industry presentations being conducted throughout 6 March; and an "HONORS AND AWARDS DAY" with an Honors Reception and social function scheduled for Saturday, 7 March.

Representatives of the Association's 12 USAREUR Chapter activities are expected to be briefed on Army aviation operations, logistics support, and safety programs during the course of "ARMY DAY" and are expected to hear 15-minute presentations from key industry leaders summarizing their firms' latest developments and projects applicable to Army aviation.

Colonel Claude L. Shepard, Jr., of Hqs, Seventh U.S. Army, serves as the current USAREUR Regional President of AAAA. The Fulid Chapter (Major Lucien C. Benton, President) has been designated the "host" unit for the 1984 Annual Meeting.

Activated in 1957, the USAREUR Region represents the largest concentration of AAAA membership in the world. The '64 meeting will be the Region's 6th meeting.

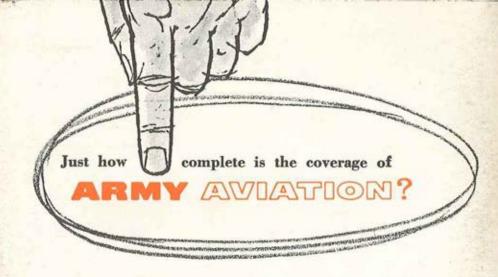


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